



MONDAY EVENING, DEC. 14, 1903.

THE STATE CONSTITUTION and the construction of some of its provisions are matters in which lawyers as well as laymen differ in opinion. The State Attorney General months ago rendered an opinion, or rather gave as his construction of section 21 of the constitution, that in order to vote in 1904 registered voters must pay the capitation tax, \$1.50, for the year 1903. It is stated that several members of the Alexandria bar lean to the proposition that taxes for 1901 and 1902 must also be paid. A large number of persons would naturally assume the same from reading section 21; as a fact we have stated as follows in former articles. The section is as follows in part: "That he (the voter), unless exempted by section twenty-two, shall as a prerequisite to vote after the first day of January 1904, personally pay, at least six months prior to the election, all State poll taxes assessed or assessable against him, under this constitution, during the three years next preceding that in which he offers to vote." There is a distinction between this section where it says this co-section and that of paragraph first, section 20, which says, referring to registration after January 1, 1904, "that he has personally paid to the proper officer all State poll taxes assessed or assessable against him under this or the former constitution, for the three years next preceding that in which he offers to register." Compliance with this provision can be made much easier than with those in section twenty-one; besides, in many sections of the new law those who registered in 1902 and 1903, on the permanent roll of voters are to a large extent placed in a class by themselves. Many of those who paid in 1901 and 1902 the capitation tax of one dollar (and they number thousands and tens of thousands) may not have paid in person—although they have paid—the tax; so a strict construction would disfranchise them. This law, from our view, does not do, however. The difference between sections 20 and 21 is plain—one applies to registration, the other to voting. For these reasons we think all registered voters who have paid their capitation tax for 1903 have qualified themselves to vote in 1904. In a synopsis of Virginia's new fundamental law by Mr. R. Walton Moore, published in June 1902, referring to the suffrage clause, he says: "After January 1, 1904, all voters (except those exempted) are required to pay the capitation tax of \$1.50 six months in advance of the election." Why not pay; why disfranchise yourself?

THE MEMORIAL services commemorative of the late Rev. Henry C. Slaymaker in the Second Presbyterian Church yesterday afternoon, attended as they were by a large concourse of people, among whom were many colored residents, formed a fitting tribute to a young and worthy Alexandrian who laid down his life far from home and among a strange people while in the performance of a conscientious duty to his fellow-creatures. His career as a missionary was brief, but no more contracted than that of some others whose names have become immortal. Hence there is no reason to suppose he will not receive the plaudits of "well done, good and faithful servant." The mission of John the Baptist was seemingly short, and hardly had Stephen started on his course as a preacher of the gospel when he fell a victim of a mob. We are told that a young man, who was a persecutor, stood by and consented to the murder. The latter had been selected as the great apostle of the gentiles while a riotous rabble was allowed to stone Stephen to death. Such facts passeth our finite understanding and but show that we still "see through a glass darkly." "The righteous perisheth, and no man layeth it to heart; and merciful men are taken away, none considering that the righteous is taken away from the evil to come." This may apply to the young Alexandrian over whom the waters of the Congo have closed.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. Roosevelt have undertaken what they deem a very clever political maneuver in attempting to prove that the sole opposition to his nomination comes from John D. Rockefeller, J. Pierpont Morgan, J. J. Hill and other corporation magnates. In view of the immense influence of the trusts in the republican party this might be a dangerous move if there were any grounds for it. But what thing of real importance, asks the Philadelphia Record, has Mr. Roosevelt ever done to excite the animosity or fear of the trusts?

CITIZENS of Des Moines, Iowa, are threatening to defeat Congressman Hull, republican, because a garrison of colored troops has been sent to the new army post at that place. If such a threat were made in the South, the republicans would demand a congressional investigation.

MR. BRISTOW Assistant Postmaster, in his recent report concerning the postal scandals showed Mr. Perry S. Heath in a most unenviable light, yet in spite of this report Mr. Heath says he has no intention of resigning the secretaryship of the republican national committee and performed the duties of his position during the meeting of the committee in Washington last week. And he is right. When President Roosevelt and Senator Hanna and Postmaster General Payne and his associates on the committee do not insist upon his resignation why should he practically confess to the charges against him by voluntarily separating himself from his friends? They have need of him in the coming campaign.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.] War between Colombia and the United States over the attitude of protection assumed by the latter toward the new republic is regarded by administration officials as a possibility to be guarded against now and anticipated, but likely to occur only after the lapse of considerable time, if at all. The influence of General Reyes will be exerted to prevent any hostile act by Colombia until after he shall have presented to the State Department his resignation and received an answer. Although he undoubtedly strengthened his position by the employment of Wayne McVeagh as counsel, the nature of this answer may be readily outlined. It is then possible that Colombia will attempt to invade the isthmus through Cauca, an undertaking which is probably more feasible than Panamanians and notably Bunan-Varela are willing to admit. As the situation now stands the administration has made certain definite statements to Colombia, among which are the following: 1st. Its recognition of the republic of Panama is complete, final and irrevocable. 2nd. It will use its good offices to effect a treaty of peace and amity between parent and offspring, but in no case will it entertain negotiations looking to the forcing of the isthmus back into its former relations with Colombia. 3rd. Notice is served upon Colombia that the United States having recognized the importance of and having negotiated a treaty with the new republic by which an equity in certain territory has been at least tentatively ceded to the United States and being bound by the New Granada treaty of 1846 to maintain upon the isthmus the good order necessary to free transit thereon, any attempt to land troops within that territory will be resented by the United States and such Colombian troops repelled by the United States forces.

The dispatch from Rear Admiral Coghlan received at the Navy Department today said according to one report nothing had been seen or heard of Colombian troops or vessel. The Mayflower, however, brought information to him to the effect that from 400 to 800 men had been landed at Turbo and that they left on a steamer later presumably for Gandi. The Atlanta, on the other hand, brought information the opposite to this.

Gen. Reyes, the Colombian envoy, called at the State Department this morning and had a conference with Assistant Secretary of State Loomis. Gen. Reyes assured Mr. Loomis that Colombia would probably not begin hostilities all at and certainly not until his government had received his report on the result of his mission to Washington.

A large crowd was attracted today to the Supreme Court by the announcement that the oral arguments in the case of the appeal of the Northern Securities case versus the United States from the U. S. Circuit Court of Minnesota would be heard. A full court was present with the exception of Justice Brown.

Attorney General Knox, Solicitor General Hoyt and Assistant Attorney General Day, Purdy and McReynolds were present on behalf of the government. Among the spectators present at the hearing was Mrs. Roosevelt. The brief for the United States in the appeal of the Northern Securities Company from the decision in favor of the United States, delivered by the United States Circuit Court for the district of Minnesota, was filed in the Supreme Court today. Philander C. Knox, Attorney General, and W. A. Day, assistant to the Attorney General, respectfully submit, in an argument covering 180 printed pages, that the decree of the Circuit Court should be affirmed. The first argument, that of J. G. Johnson, of Philadelphia, on behalf of the Northern Securities Company, was begun at 12:20. Mr. Johnson announced that the four hours placed at the disposal of the appellants will be consumed by three counsel. He will be followed by C. W. Bunn, of St. Paul, Attorney General Knox will then submit the argument for the government, consuming as much of four hours as he may require. Judge Young, of St. Paul, is to close for the Northern Securities Company.

In the Supreme Court of the United States today the insular cases were decided again, the contentions of the government being once more sustained. The cases in question were those of Ozarkow McDougall & Co. versus Collector George R. Bidwell, and of Warner Barnes & Co. versus Collector Stranahan, involving the constitutionality of provisions of the war tax act. Chief Justice Fuller made the announcement without further elucidation of the subject, making it known that the Chief Justice and Justices Harlan, Brewer, and Peckham dissented from the opinion of the court. The cases are affirmed on the authority of the former insular decision in the case of Downes versus Bidwell.

The Supreme Court of the United States today, extended the time for taking testimony in the case of Missouri versus Illinois, involving the Chicago drainage canal, until April 1st.

It is authoritatively announced that President Roosevelt has taken no action on the report submitted to him by the civil service commission on the investigation of Postmaster Clayton McChasney's administration of the Philadelphia postoffice.

Senator Martin says there is nothing in the report that he is to be made chairman of the national democratic committee and wishes the newspapers would stop talking about it.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

"Lily Whites," of Louisiana, are said to be returning in numbers to the democratic party.

General Reyes, the special envoy of Colombia, at Washington, has been elected president of that republic.

Hon. William J. Bryan was received by Pope Pius X and visited many places of interest in Rome yesterday.

It is stated that Secretary of the Navy Moody is opposed to the schemes for the establishment of a naval general staff.

Two of the royal gamekeepers in Spain have been arrested in connection with the shooting of a shepherd while King Alfonso was hunting and the rumors are revived that the affair was really a plot against the King's life.

The Countess Diane Ogier d'Ivry, a beautiful young woman, while in male attire was fatally injured on Saturday in a driving accident in Paris and her sex was discovered by the surgeons at the hospital in which she died.

Judge Holdom in Chicago on Saturday fined a trade union \$1,000 for the acts of its members in assaulting non-union men. He said that, in his decision, murder could be laid at the door of the union. This is the first instance in this country of the fining of a union for the acts of its members.

The Baltimore Candy Company plant, 304 and 306 Spear's wharf, was gutted by fire on Saturday night involving a loss to the buildings, stock and surrounding property of about \$100,000. Two firemen were overcome by smoke, but recovered after medical attention. The loss to property is almost covered by insurance.

Officers of the United States cruiser Atlanta, who have been making inquiries along the Panama boundary line, failed to learn anything of the rumors of the landing of Colombian troops. If Colombian troops were landed, as reported, it must have been at some point on the coast between Cartagena and the Gulf of Darien.

Miss Sarah Umphreys, 21 years old, daughter of Mr. Zachariah T. Umphreys, was found dead yesterday morning by her sister, Miss Wilhelm Umphreys, in the bed in which they had both slept at their home in Baltimore. The coroner gave a certificate of suicide by laudanum, deeming an inquest unnecessary. Dependence over a misunderstanding with a gentleman high in her regard and over domestic difficulties arising from a separation from her brother, are said to be responsible for the act.

The Senate spent more than five hours on Saturday in discussing the Cuban reciprocity bill and during that time three speeches were made. Mr. Foster, of Louisiana, led with an argument in support of the measure. He declared that its passage would greatly injure, if it did not destroy, the sugar growing industry of the United States. Senator Depew, on the republican side, and Senator Clay, on the democratic side, supported the bill as a measure in the interest of both countries. Senator Clay said that he accepted it as a provision for the reduction of duties on the part of both countries.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Reginald Gillham has been elected treasurer of the Life Insurance Company of Virginia, vice T. H. Brown, who is absconded.

Mrs. Milton Fling, of near Arcola, Loudoun county, died on Friday. She was a daughter of Daniel Gant, of lower Loudoun, and was about twenty years of age.

Treasurer Brauer, of Henrico, was on Saturday, by a court of magistrates, declared innocent of the charge of violating the pure election law, under which the democratic committee of the county desired to him the party nomination for treasurer.

Miss Pearl Davies, the last remaining daughter of Mr. W. W. Davies, of Richmond, who himself died a few days ago, died yesterday at her mother's home in a suburb of Richmond. This makes the fourth death from typhoid fever in the Davies home within the past three weeks.

Chief of Police J. S. Retz, of Wheeling, W. Va., arrived in Richmond on Saturday, having in charge Thomas Easton, one of the three negroes charged with attempting a criminal assault on a Sister of Mercy, 19 years old, in St. John's Orphan Asylum, Wheeling, the night of October 21. He arrested the negro at Columbia, and left with him for Wheeling Saturday night.

Jonah Simpson, 48 years old, a prominent man of Frederick county, committed suicide on Saturday by hanging himself. Heredity melancholy is the only cause assigned for the deed. Mr. Simpson had given up the farm he rented and brooded over his inability to purchase another he wanted. He was a native of Loudoun county, and unmarried. He was a son of Capt. Richard Simpson, who was killed near Upperville during the civil war by northern soldiers when he attempted to escape after having been captured.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Typoid fever continues to prevail at Butler, Pa.

Miss Ellen Daly, of Brooklyn, yesterday visited the grave of a brother in Holy Name cemetery, Jersey City. She was stricken with paralysis and fell unconscious on the grave. Miss Daly had not been revived up to 2 p. m. and the city hospital physicians say that they have no hope of saving her life.

Wm. Cheney, of Jeffersonville, Indiana, for many years estranged from his father, Judge James Cheney, of Fort Wayne, Ind., who died last night, will inherit it, it is said, \$6,000,000. Young Cheney was at his father's bedside when he died, the judge having become fully reconciled to his estranged son.

Albert Meier, who owns a vehicle establishment in Salt Lake City, Utah, captured an alleged burglar last night under unusual circumstances. Stark naked, Meier held up the alleged burglar at the point of a rifle and fought with him until he was subdued, then marched him for a block with the temperature close to the zero mark and turned his prisoner over to the police.

James Edge, of Paterson, was arranged this morning in the United States District Court in Trenton, N. J., on the charge of defrauding the government. He pleaded guilty and was remanded to jail for sentence next Monday. Edge was noted teller in the First National Bank of Paterson and there has been considerable speculation as to the amount of money he got away with.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The Legislature.

[Special Dispatch to the Alexandria Gazette.] Richmond, Dec. 14.—The House today refused to pass a resolution fixing the time for a final adjournment, but made a schedule for three sessions daily from 10 a. m. to 11 p. m. with one and one-half hours each for dinner and luncheon.

A bill amending the law in relation to social clubs was defeated.

The House discharged the courts committee from consideration of the Fulton anti-trust bill, the effect of the passage of which would be to reenact the Wharton insurance law to prevent combinations from making rates.

Wife Murderer Electrocuted.

Ossining, N. Y., Dec. 14.—William Ennis, the Brooklyn policeman who murdered his wife, was successfully electrocuted at Sing Sing prison at 5:57 a. m. today. Ennis and his wife had been married only about a year, when they quarrelled and separated. The wife began an action for divorce and Ennis was directed to pay alimony. Early on the morning of the crime Ennis went to the home of his wife's mother and shot the woman in the breast while she was lying in bed. She later recovered. The murderer then went to his wife's room and told her he was going to kill her. She begged to be allowed to go to confession but he told her he had been to communion and that was enough. When a sister of the deceased held up a child in front of the wife, Ennis threatened to kill all three. The wife started for another room when Ennis shot and killed her.

Ennis walked to the death chair without assistance and faced death with a smile. Instead of collapsing as the officials sometime ago had feared he might, Ennis was cool and apparently without fear to the last.

Mysterious Shooting Affair.

Memphis, Tenn., Dec. 14.—Henry J. Kressenberg, a grocer, was shot and perhaps fatally wounded last night under mysterious circumstances. A few moments later the dead body of Policeman John King, an intimate friend of Kressenberg, was found near the scene of the first shooting. Kressenberg, accompanied by his wife, was leaving his store shortly after ten o'clock. In his hand was a bag of money. Suddenly a masked man loomed up in front who pulled a pistol and fired twice. Kressenberg fell to the ground. The masked man ran. Later King was found dead with a bullet in his brain. His head was badly burned and it appeared that his pistol had been placed a few inches from the forehead. It is supposed King committed suicide. The two men were the best of friends. Absolutely no motive can be ascribed. The money that Kressenberg had was not touched.

Dynamiters.

New York, Dec. 14.—Two dynamite bombs, each containing about one pound of the explosive, were found in a pile of bricks between Broadway and Sixth Avenue, where a new building is in course of construction, this morning. The find, coming so soon after the explosions in two new buildings, one in the Broadway Tabernacle, and the other in Acker, Merrill & Condit's building, make it reasonably certain that a gang of dynamiters is warring against the builders. Contractors say they believe the outrages are due to some of the members of Sam Park's union of housemen who are seeking revenge for the imprisonment of their leader. The police are investigating. The bombs found today were among material waiting to be used on the Acker, Merrill & Condit building.

"Coal Oil Johnny."

Norfolk, Va., Dec. 14.—Friendless and without a cent, R. H. Gardner, or "Coal Oil Johnny," as he calls himself, a comparatively young man, is at the Union Mission, and only two years ago he boarded at the finest hotel in the city and actually threw away to boys in the streets several thousand dollars. The young man is said to be a native of Pennsylvania. Several years ago he was left a fortune, \$25,000, and since that time he has been all over the country spending money recklessly. Two years ago he visited Norfolk, when one of his favorite pastimes was to drive to various schools about the time for dismissal and with his pockets filled with dimes distribute about \$50 among the scholars. Sometimes he would buy out a small store and give candy, nuts and cakes to the children.

Cold Weather in Northwest.

Chicago, Dec. 14.—With the exception of December 9th, 1876, when a minimum temperature of 14 below was experienced, Sunday was the coldest day in 33 years. At 8 o'clock yesterday morning the mercury registered 13 below zero. It has moderated somewhat but is still very cold. It was 32 degrees below at Huron, S. D., 30 below at Moorhead, Minn., and 16 below at St. Paul. The cold is general throughout the upper Mississippi valley, Wisconsin and Michigan and extends as far west as Nebraska.

Milwaukee, Dec. 14.—The mercury in Wisconsin and Michigan, was from 15 to 25 degrees below zero yesterday. Trains in the upper Peninsula are reported stalled in snow banks.

Russia's Reply to Japan.

London, Dec. 14.—Baron Hayashi, Japanese Minister in London, has received the text of the Russian reply to Japan's latest communication regarding Korea and Manchuria. Baron Hayashi says he is unable to state just what was contained in Russia's reply, owing to the fact that the negotiations are still proceeding. He added, however, "I think a peaceful issue will result." It is stated on high authority that Russia has practically conceded Japan's demands, and that the negotiations have reached the stage where only the signatures to the documents are lacking.

Kaiser in Favorable State of Health.

Berlin, Dec. 14.—Count Ballestrom, President of the Reichstag, opened today's sitting of that body with the announcement that the Kaiser had received him and two vice presidents of the Reichstag this morning. The Emperor talked for nearly an hour on current affairs. His voice was clear and strong, with the exception of a slight huskiness. Occasionally Count Ballestrom said the Emperor had impressed him as being in a most favorable state of health. The Reichstag greeted the announcement with enthusiasm, with the exception of the socialists who sat silent.

The Market.

Georgetown, Dec. 14.—Wheat 75.83

Fifty-Eighth Congress.

Washington, Dec. 14.

SENATE.

Mr. Allison presented a resolution naming Rev. Edward Everett Hale as Chaplain of the Senate. It was agreed to without discussion.

Mr. Morgan presented a resolution bearing upon the isthmian canal situation. Upon his request it went to the table to be called up at his convenience. It held that Congress should pass upon any contemplated purchase of any property in Panama, before such purchase is attempted to be consummated by the President; that the consent of Congress is necessary for the lawful purchase of such property from the New Panama Canal Company, and that it is the duty of the Department of the Government contemplating such purchase to lay before Congress full information relative thereto before final action is taken.

HOUSE.

A concurrent resolution was adopted providing a Christmas recess of Congress from Saturday, December 19, to January 4.

An error in the naval appropriation bill has deprived midshipmen on sea duty of commutations. A resolution correcting the error was unanimously adopted.

Delegate Kalaniano'ole, of Hawaii, was appointed an additional member of the committee on territories.

At 12:10 the House, in committee of the whole, resumed consideration of the pension appropriation bill.

Mr. Adams spoke for an hour on the Panama question. He defended the course the administration had pursued in Panama and the policy administered in dealing with the Central American countries.

Mr. Gaines spoke on the tobacco question, advocating taking off the revenue tax on twisted tobacco.

FOREIGN NEWS.

An unprecedented emigration movement of Jews toward America is in progress in northwestern Russia. They are leaving practically on massed all classes and ages.

Prof. Paul Ulrich, aged 55, reported to be a German count, was found dead in bed at the hotel in Taberg, Italy. It is said he left Germany to escape punishment for killing a man who had insulted his sister, an actress.

It is reported that Russia, in her reply to the Japanese note, maintains her demand for the free circulation of troops in North Korea, giving Japan in return a free hand in South Korea. The question of Manchuria is still pending.

Archduchess Clothilde Marie Reine, daughter of Archduke Franz Josef, and first cousin, once removed, of Emperor Franz Josef, died at Buda Pesth, Hungary, of consumption today. The archduchess was born at Fiume, on May 9, 1884.

Tod Sloan, the American jockey, has won his case against the French Jockey Club for warning him off the French turf over a year ago. The decision in Paris today was the result of an action for damages brought by the jockey. The court condemned the club in costs. The amount of damages to be awarded Sloan will be decided later.

It was learned that another batch of young British army officers are going to Japan next trip. The ostensible reason for their trip is that they may learn the Japanese language, but it is believed that the action has a more ominous portent. It is also learned that Japan has now adopted, in toto, the English army and navy signal codes, with a view to a possible joint operation with Great Britain.

The American settlers of Bahia Honda, Isle of Pines, are demanding the enactment of a measure making their city a port of entry so as to enable them to conduct a direct trade with the United States. It is reported that they have pledged American Minister Spures to support their demands. The Cuban Congress is not disposed to approve the extension of any special privileges to the Americans of the island.

After being blown more than half a mile yesterday over the surface of Lake Asawampsett, near Middleboro, Mass., on a large piece of ice, which had broken away from the shore while the men were standing upon it, Harry Haskins and Frank Allen were rescued from their precarious position by S. A. Lewis, who rowed out to them, only to lose their lives by drowning when the boat was swamped by a squall. Lewis clung to the craft and was rescued.

In a rear end collision in the railroad yards in Chicago last night caused by slippery rails, Conductor Gilmore was killed, and Engineer Friend was severely injured. Friend's engine crashed into the rear of the other train, demolishing the caboose in which Gilmore was sleeping.

Serious charges against United States Consul General Oliver J. D. Hughes, at Coburg, have been made, founded upon domestic infidelities.

Secretary Hay has so far improved that he is able to sit up in his bedroom and expects to get about the house tomorrow.

New York Stock Market.

New York, Dec. 14.—The stock market opened generally higher. After a little hesitation and some very small reactions, there was a strengthening in quotations all along the line. In the railway list there were advances of 1 per cent. and over in certain roads. The improvement was generally well maintained, but Pennsylvania developed slight heaviness. In the industrials, U. S. steel, preferred, advanced 14 per cent. and held the gain well. Tennessee coal and iron opened up 14 per cent. and Colorado fuel and iron showed an initial gain of a point. Sugar was aggressively strong, with an improvement of nearly 2 points. Amalgamated copper was irregular and after gaining 14 per cent. lost 1 point. Toward the close of the first hour, prices in many instances suffered small reactions and speculation remained narrow, with some uncertainty of trading sentiment.

DIED.

On December 14, 1903, from membranous croup, THOMAS JEFFERSON, son of J. Thomas and Maggie M. Cook, aged 2 years, 9 months and 19 days.

When thou was near, Our sweet little dear, We felt the glow and song of spring.

Now thou art gone, We sit alone, Nor heed who smiles nor heed who frowns.

By HIS PARENTS, She funeral will take place tomorrow (Tuesday) morning at 10 o'clock. Friends and the acquaintances of the family are invited.

On Saturday evening, December 12, ELIAS HARRISON BELL, son of the late Robert and Mary Greenhalgh Bell, funeral from his home, 513 Duke street, Tuesday afternoon at 2:30.

10 barrels CHOICE PICKLES just received by J. C. MILBURN.

DRY GOODS.

Lansburgh & Bro., Washington's Favorite Store.

Store Open Evenings.

Grand Holiday Display of

Gloves and Hosiery.

Gift Gloves.

Women's and Children's 50c and 75c Gift Gloves, in plain and fancy colors. 39c

Children's Fleece-lined Kid Mittens, with fur top. 50c

Women's Kid, Suede, Mocha and Pig Walking Gloves, in all desirable shades. For 1.00

Women's Two-clasp Kid Gloves, in gray, mode, tan, brown, white, and black. For 1.25

Women's One-clasp Walking Gloves, in tan, red, and gray. For 1.50

Gift Hosiery.

Women's Fine Black Dropstitch Hose, with double heel and toe, warranted fast black. Special. 19c

Women's Fine Black Maco Cotton Hose, with split white foot, high spliced heel and double toe; warranted fast color; 35c value. Special. 25c

Women's Fine Black Gossamer Lisle Hose, high spliced heel and double toe. 50c

Women's Fine Black French Lisle Hose, with fancy silk clocks, in all colors; high spliced heel and double toe. Special at 75c

Lansburgh & Bro.,

420 to 426 Seventh Street, WASHINGTON, D. C.

A Timely Suggestion.

This is the season of the year when the prudent and careful housewife replenishes her supply of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is certain to be needed before the winter is over, and results are much more prompt and satisfactory when it is kept at hand and given as soon as the cold is contracted and before it has become settled in the system. In almost every instance a severe cold may be ward off by taking this remedy freely as soon as the first indication of the cold appears. There is no danger in giving it to children for it contains no harmful substance. It is pleasant to take—both adults and children like it. Buy it and you will get the best. It always cures. For sale by Richard Gibson.

Revolution Imminent.

A sure sign of approaching revolt and serious trouble in your system is nervousness, sleeplessness, or stomach upsets. Electric Bitters will quickly dismember the troublesome causes. It never fails to tone the stomach, regulate the kidneys and bowels, stimulate the liver and clarify the blood. Run down systems benefit particularly and all the usual aches vanish under its searching and thorough effectiveness. Electric Bitters is only 50c and is returned if it doesn't give perfect satisfaction. Guaranteed by E. S. Leadbeater & Son's, druggists.

One Hundred Dollars a Box

is the value H. A. Misdale, Summerton, S. C., places on DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. He says: "I had the piles for 20 years. I tried many doctors and medicines, but all failed except DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It cured me." It is a combination of the healing properties of Witch Hazel with antiseptics and emollients; relieves and permanently cures blind, bleeding, itching and protruding piles, sores, cuts, bruises, eczema, salt rheum and all skin diseases. Sold by all druggists.

OPENING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

Northern mails, week days, close at 7:30 p. m. and 11:00 a. m., and 1:15, 2:40, 4:40, 8:23 and 10:45 p. m. Open at 8:00 a. m., 12:00 m., and 4:30 p. m. On Sundays Northern mails close at 9:30 a. m., 1:30 p. m., and 7:20 p. m. Southern mails via Charlottesville close at 7:30 and 10:40 a. m., and 2:30 and 4:30 p. m. Open at 8:00 a. m., 12:00 m., and 4:30 p. m. Southern mails via Richmond close at 10:30 a. m., and 3:00, 6:30 and 10:30 p. m. Open at 8 a. m. and 1 and 4 p. m. Manassas Division mails close at 7:30 a. m. and 3:45 p. m. Open at 12:00 m. Alexandria and Round Hill mails close at 7:30 a. m. and 4 p. m. Open at 9:00 a. m. and 3:30 p. m. Chesapeake and Ohio mails close at 2:45 p. m. and 10:45 p. m. Open at 8:00 a. m. and 4:30 p. m. Washington mails close at 7:30, 9:30 and 11:00 a. m., and 1:15, 2:40, 4:40, 8:23 and 10:45 p. m. Open at 8:00 a. m., 12:00 m. and 4:30 p. m. Office Hours—Open at 8:00 a. m. Close at 6:00 p. m. Sunday Hours—Open at 9:00 a. m. Close at 10:00 a. m. Carriers' Schedule—Collection made on inland routes—20 a. m. and 5 a. m. and 5:30 p. m. Full route—6:30 a. m. and 5:30 p. m. Sunday collection 5:00 p. m. Carriers' window open Sunday 9:00 a. m. and close 10:00 a. m. Deliveries made 8:00 a. m., 1 p. m. and 4:15 p. m. All mail should be in the office ten minutes before our indicated time for closing.

WHOLESALE PRICES IN ALEXANDRIA.

Flour Extra	275	3.15
Family	330	4.25
Family brands	475	5.20
Wheat, longberry	082	0.83
Mixed	080	0.82
Apples, per bushel	225	0.82
Damp	060	0.85
Corn, white	048	0.52
Mixed	047	0.51
Yellow	047	